Much Ado About Nothing

Lecture 8 May 24, 2003

Most of the universe is Call !

- Modified Newtonian dynamics
- Planets
- Mass & light disadvantaged stars

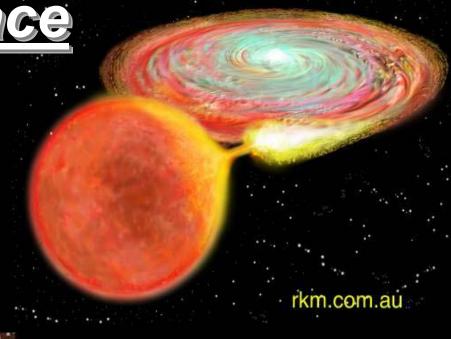
brown red white

- Black holes
- Fossil remnant of the big bang
- The weight of space

The weight of space

<u>Supernovae</u>

Tycho Great Debate Dark Energy

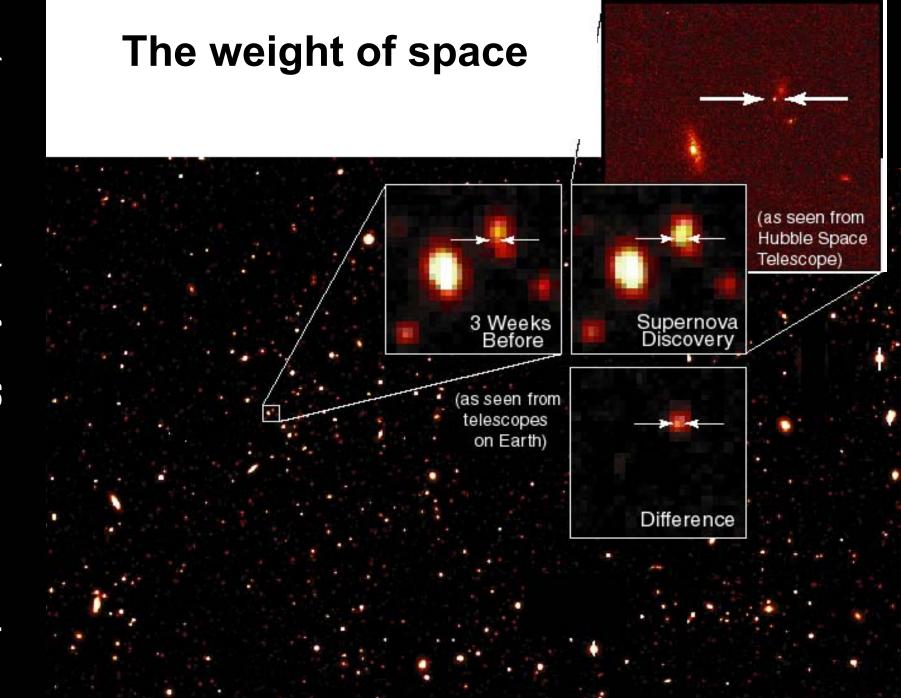


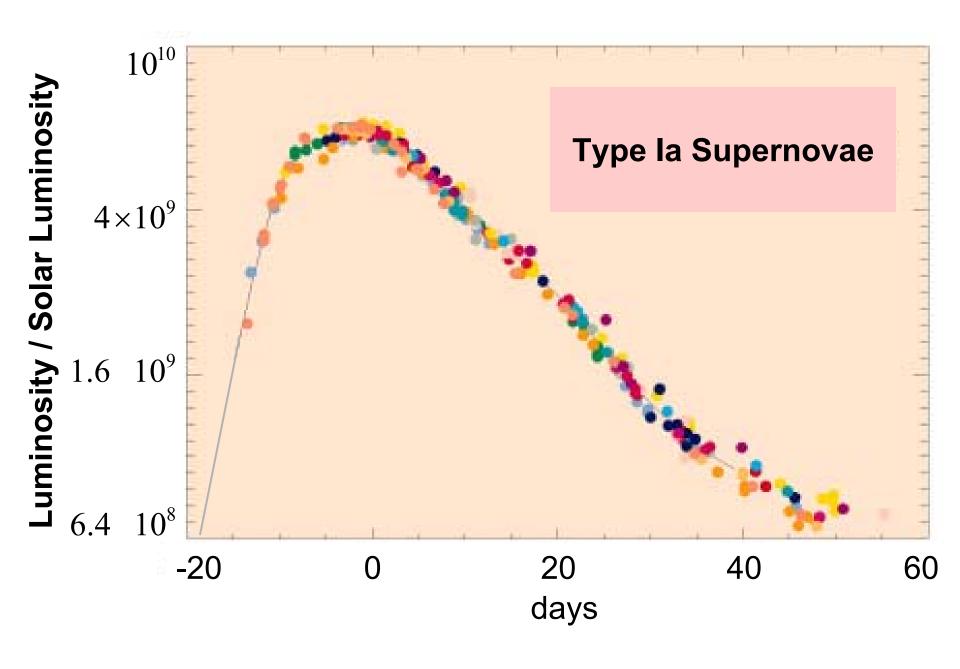


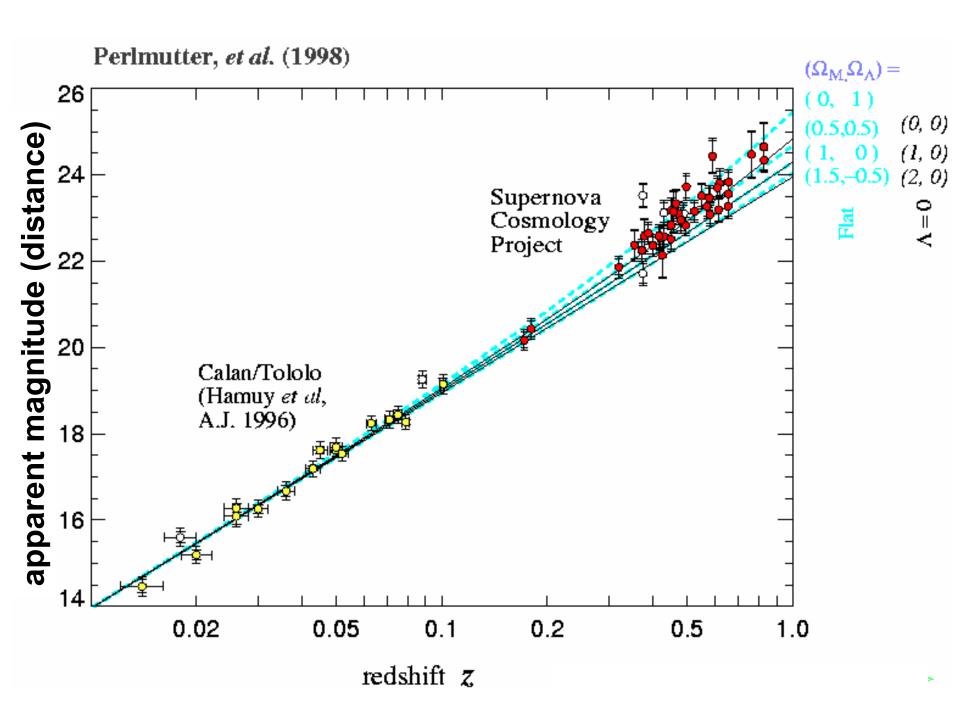


Supernova 1987A in the Large Magellanic Cloud

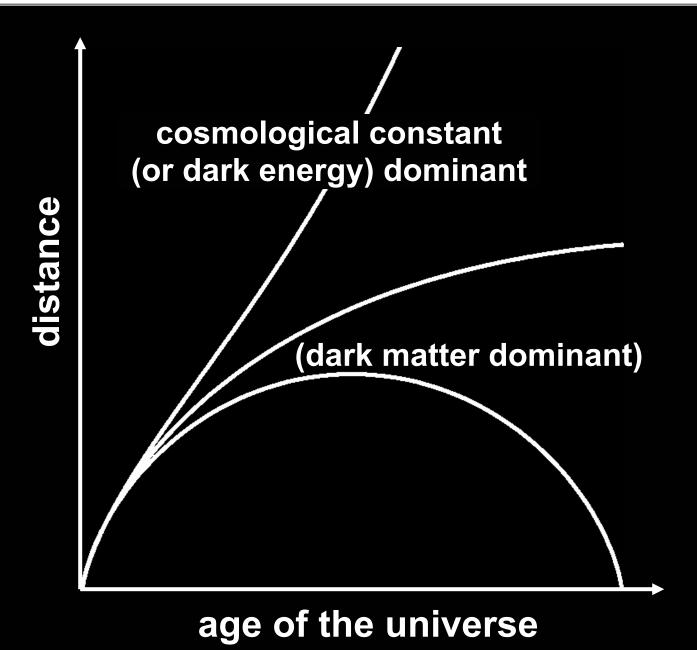








Cosmological constant (dark energy)



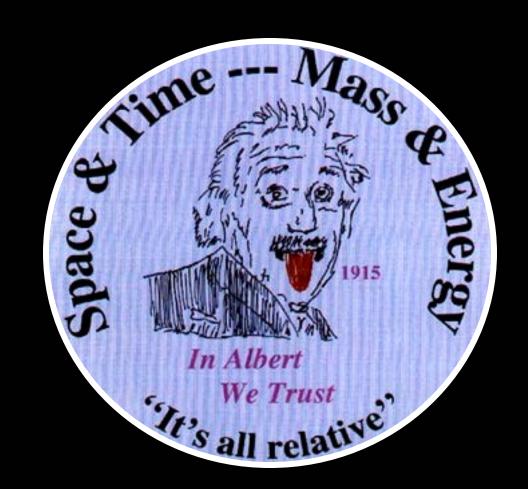
Dark energy

Space and time are related.

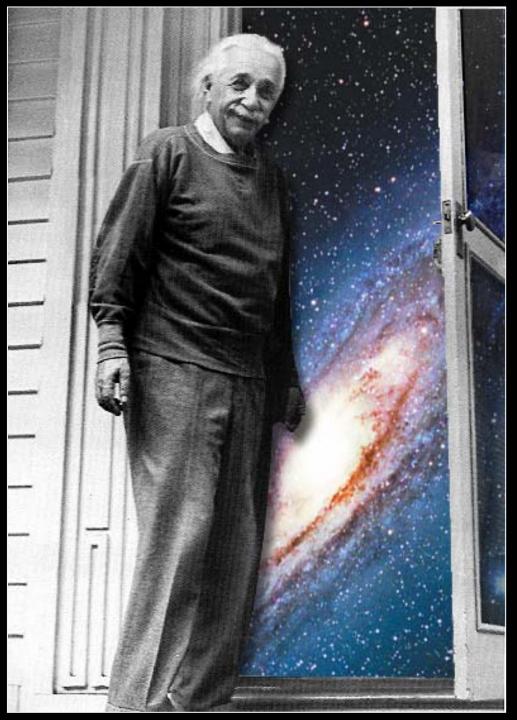
1905

Space is dynamical (curved, warped, bent).

1915



Empty space has a weight.



the weight of space Cosmological constant (dark energy)

1917 Einstein proposed cosmological constant.

1929 Hubble discovered expansion of the universe.

1934 Einstein called it "my biggest blunder."

1998 Astronomers found evidence for it.

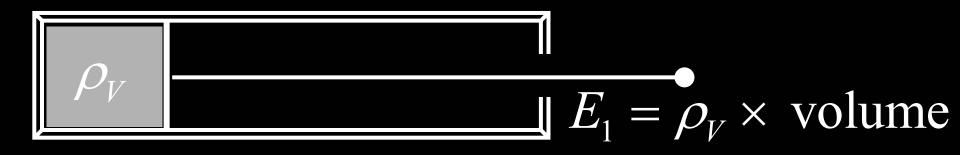
The accelerating universe?

Normal matter slows the expansion of the universe (deceleration). Gravity is attractive.

Negative pressure would push apart space.

"Vacuum energy" (the mass-energy density of space) is positive, but its pressure is *negative*.

Vacuum pressure





 $E_2 > E_1$ had to pull out piston "negative" pressure

Cosmological constant (dark energy)

Mass density of space: 10^{-30} g cm⁻³

$$10^{-30} \, \text{g cm}^{-3}$$

The unbearable lightness of nothing!

Cosmo-illogical constant?

Much ado about nothing (the zen of nothingness)

NOTHING is something!

NOTHING has energy!

NOTHING matters!

NOTHING changes!

The Vacuum quark antiquark particle anti particle

Quantum Uncertainty

Energy of the quantum vacuum

Observed:

$$\rho \le 10^{-30} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$$

Quantum field theory:

$$\rho = \infty$$
 g cm⁻³

Quantum gravity:

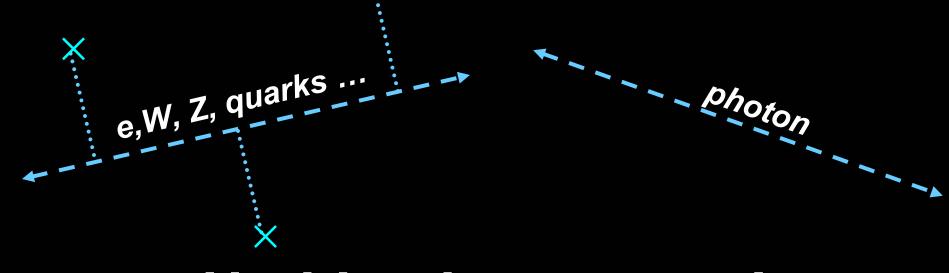
$$\rho = 10^{+90} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$$

Supersymmetry:

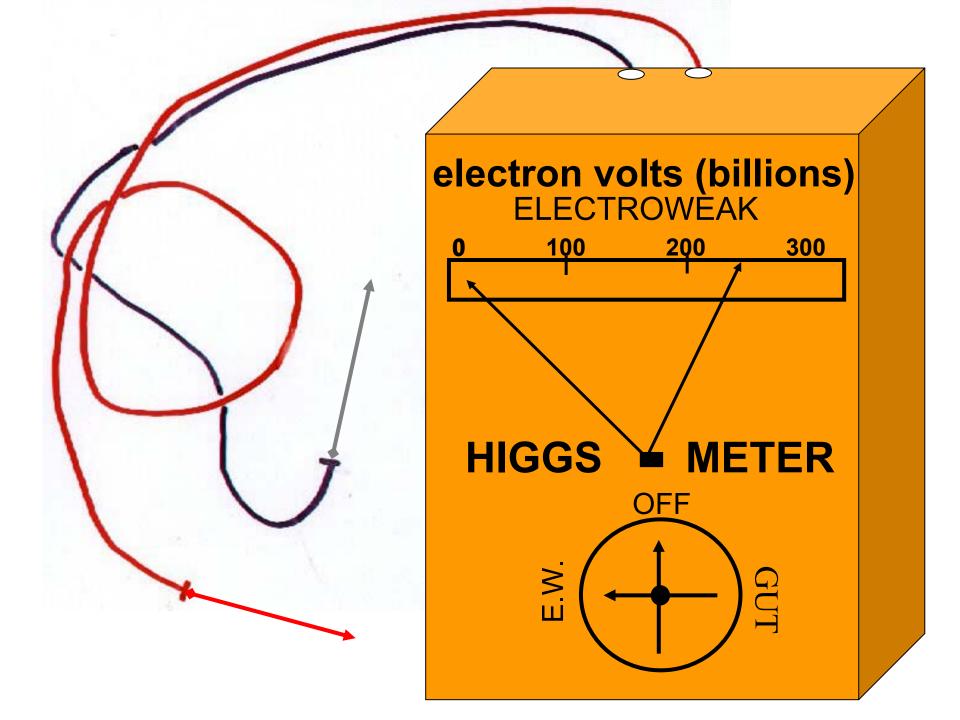
$$\rho \le 10^{+30} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$$

The Higgs potential

- The vacuum has a "Higgs potential"
- Interaction with the Higgs field potential gives mass to particles like quarks and electrons.

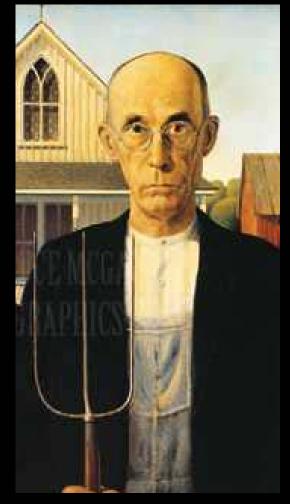


Nothing has energy!



Will Higgs be found in

USA (Fermilab)? or

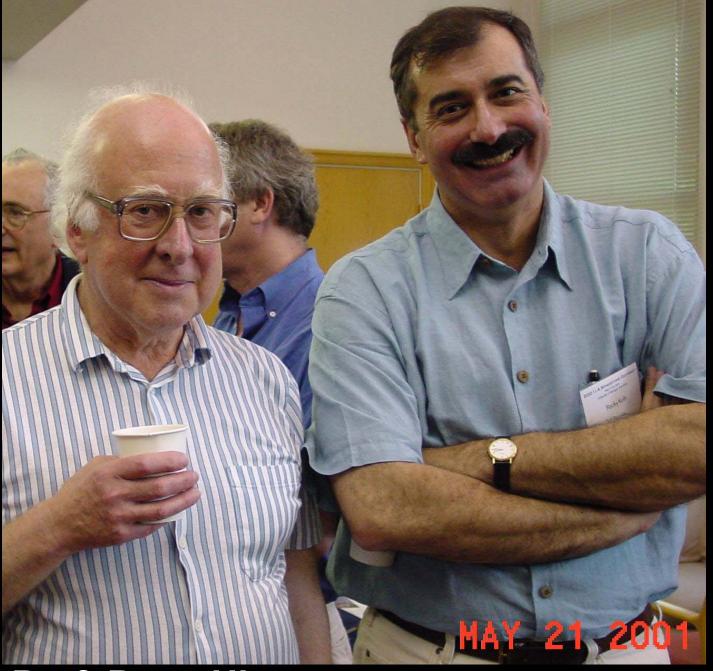


Mike Witherell Director

Europe (CERN)?



Luciano Maiani Director General



Prof. Peter Higgs

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		20

<u>Liieigy oi ui</u>	e quantum vat	<u>, uuiii</u>
Observed:	$\rho \leq 10^{-30}$	g cm ⁻³

Quantum field theory:

Quantum gravity:

Supersymmetry:

Higgs potential:

Other sources:

 $\rho = \infty$

 $\rho = 10^{+90}$

 $\rho \le 10^{+30}$

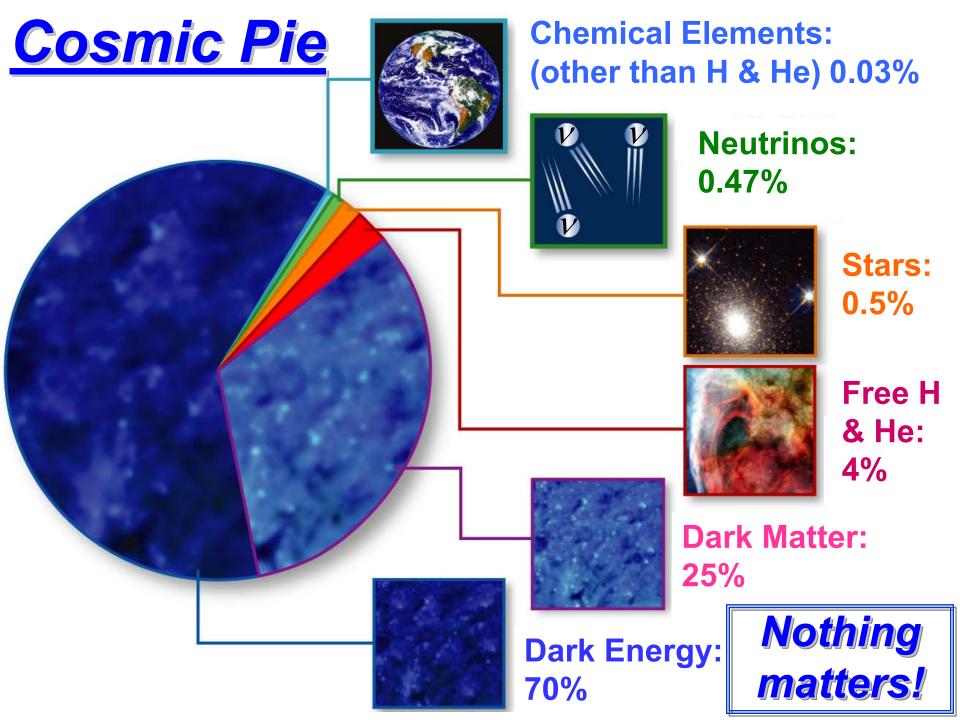
 $\rho \sim -10^{+25} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$

 $\rho \sim \pm 10^{+20} \text{ g cm}^{-3}$

g cm⁻³

g cm⁻³

g cm⁻³



Every cubic inch of space is a

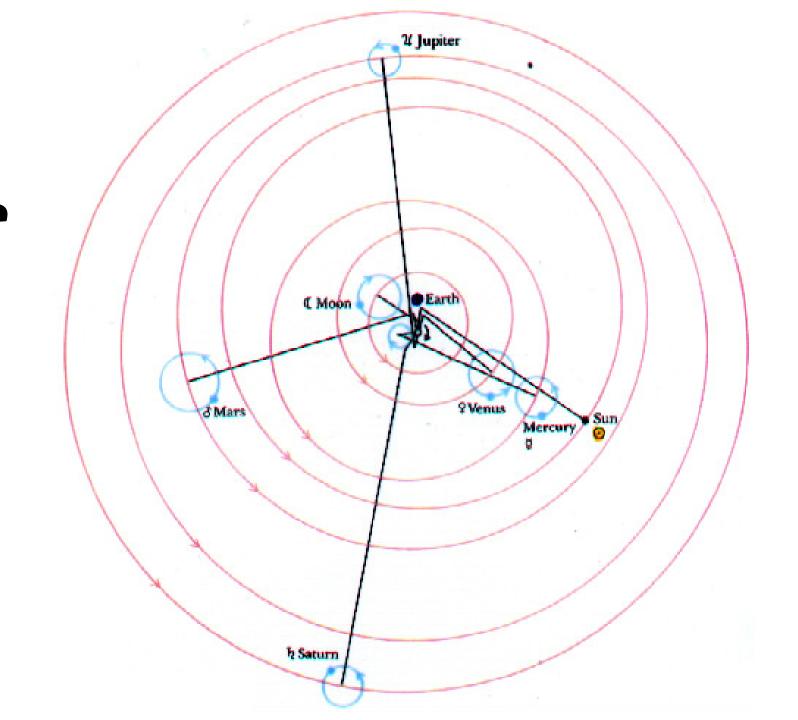


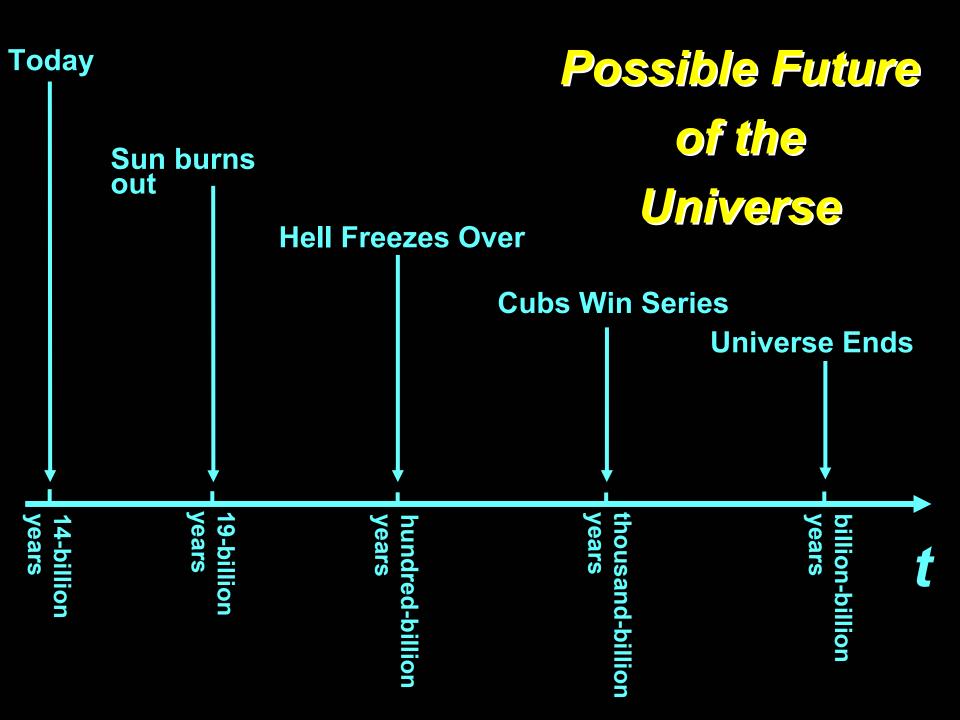
- Walt Whitman
- background radiation
- dark matter
- dark energy
- virtual particles
- Higgs potential

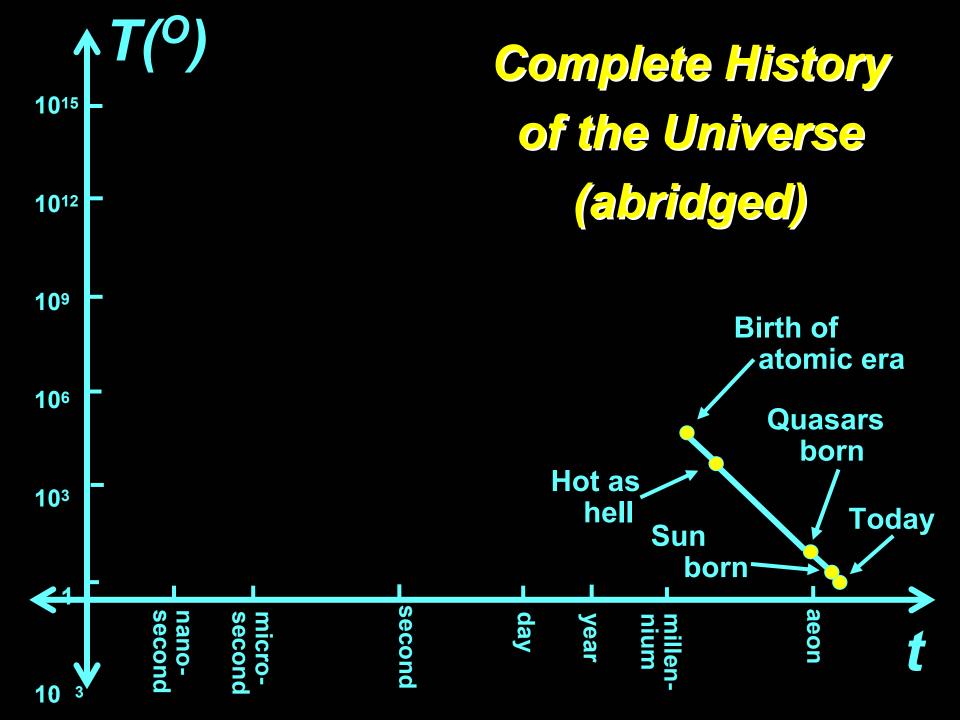
The Cosmic Food Chain

Radiation:	0.02%
Heavy elements	0.03%
Neutrinos	0.47%
Visible matter:	0.50%
Dark H & He	3.98%
Dark matter:	25%
Dark energy:	70%

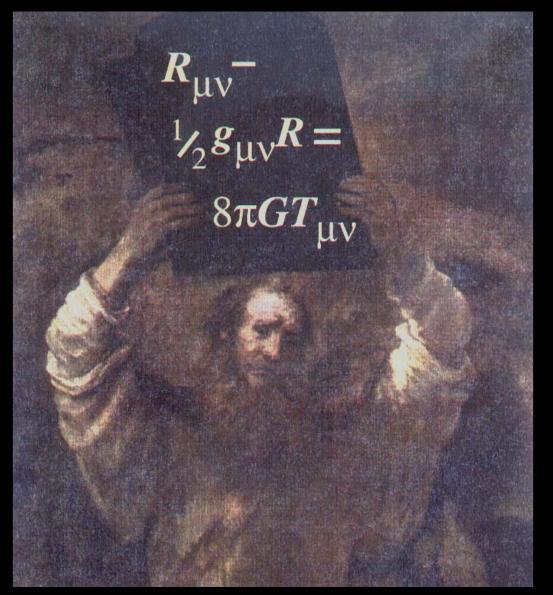
The Ptolemaic System



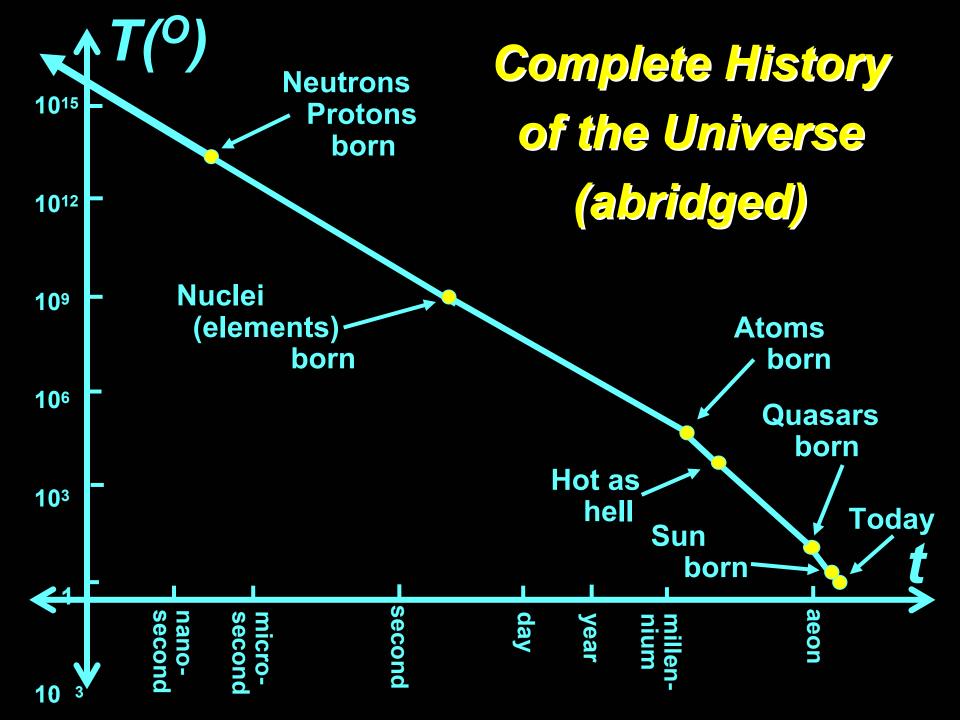




Modern Laws of Genesis



(10 nonlinear partial differential equations)

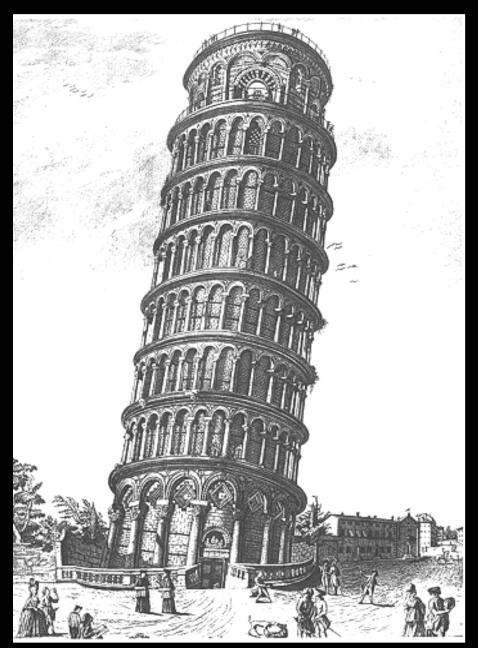


Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

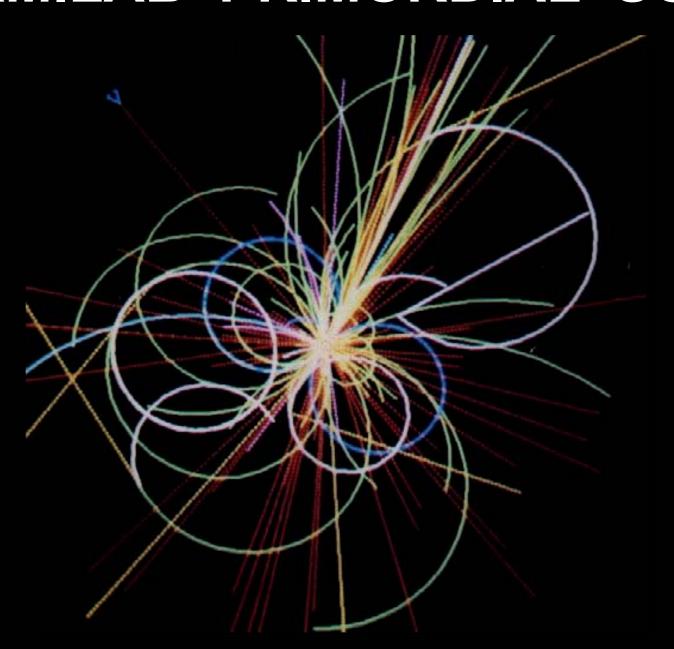


Particle Accelerator-Telescope-Time Machine

Galileo Pisan Accelerator Laboratory



FERMILAB PRIMORDIAL SOUP







Primordial

Soup

Primordial soup

0.000 000 000 004 seconds AB

3,000,000,000,000,000°

CONDENSED

in one can

50 Earth masses in matter 50 Earth masses in antimatter

+ extra mountain of matter

per 10 billion years of total serving energy output of sun

INGREDIENTS

in every spoonful } every type of elementary particle

Primordial soup

REDIENTS:

QUARKS **GLUONS** ELECTRON-LIKE PARTICLES WEAK FORCE W's AND Z's **NEUTRINOS** PHOTONS (ELECTROMAGNETIC GRAVITONS (GRAVITATIONAL FO HIGGS BOSONS (???)

DARK MATTER

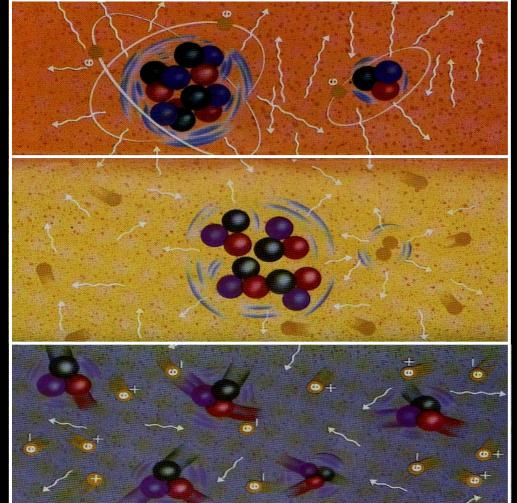


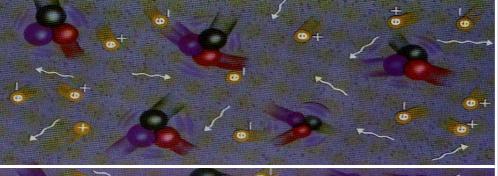
300,000 years

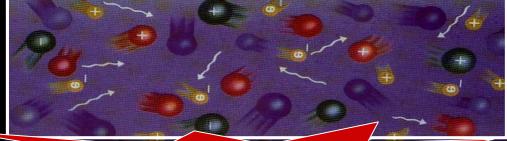
minutes

1-micro second

4-pico seconds







atoms form

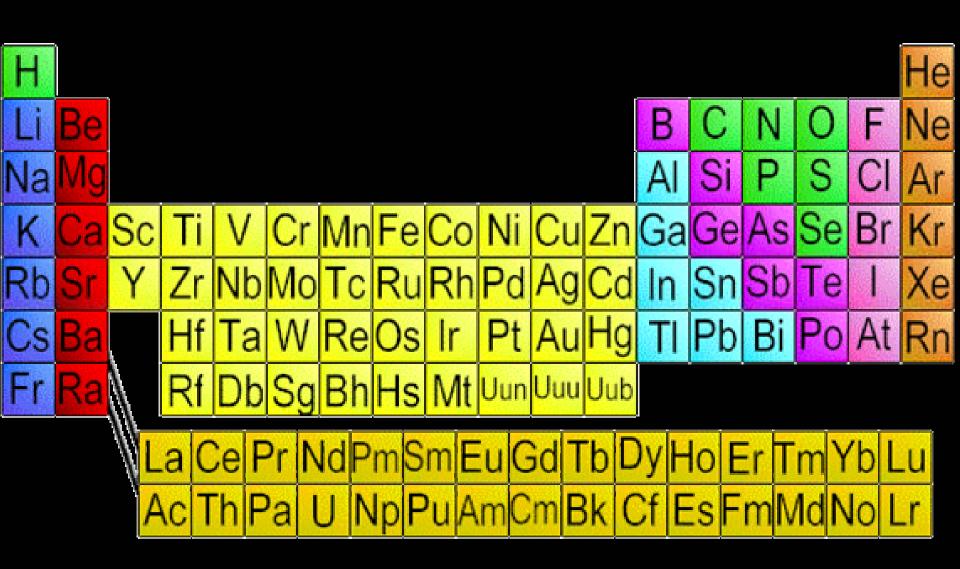
nuclei form

neutrons protons form

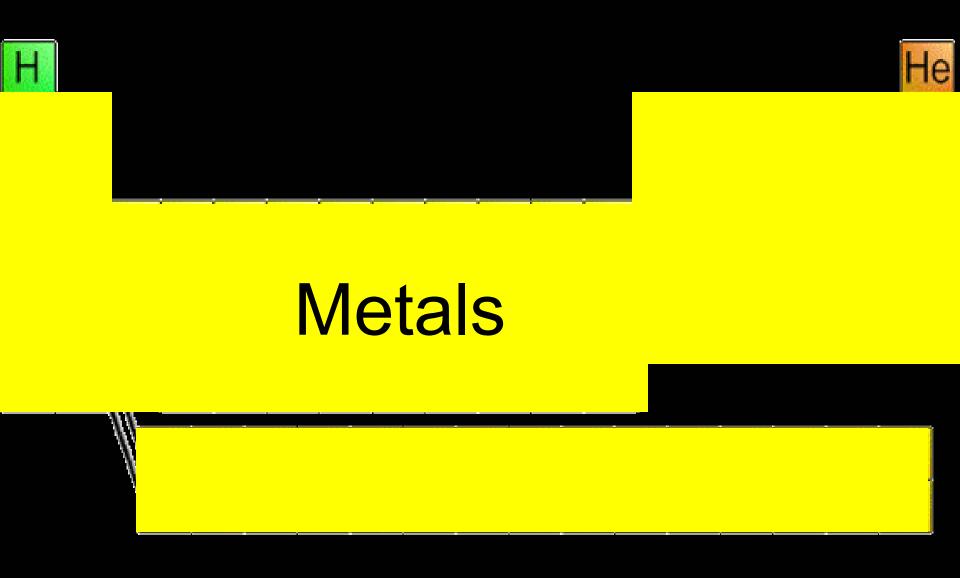
primordial soup

BANG!

Chemist Periodic Table



Cosmologist Periodic Table



The Universe Today:

```
73% Hydrogen (10<sup>-5</sup> deuterium)
26% Helium (10<sup>-5</sup> <sup>3</sup>He)
1% Metals
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The Universe 3 minutes AB:

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76% Hydrogen (10<sup>-5</sup> deuterium)
24% Helium (10<sup>-5</sup> <sup>3</sup>He)
10<sup>-8</sup>% Lithium
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